

TODAY'S PRICES

Mexican bank notes, state bills, 80¢; pesos, 62¢; Mexican gold, 53¢; nacionales, 20¢; bar silver, H. & H. quotation, 83½¢; copper, \$23.50; grains, lower; livestock, steady; stocks, higher.

EL PASO HERALD

HOME EDITION

WEATHER FORECAST.
El Paso and West Texas, fair, colder; New Mexico, unsettled, colder east portion, fair west; Arizona, fair, warmer.

LATEST NEWS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

DELIVERED ANYWHERE FOR A MONTH

EL PASO, TEXAS, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 20, 1917.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS

38 PAGES TODAY, 4 SECTIONS.

4 ZEPPELINS SHOT DOWN DURING RAID ON FRANCE; FRENCH DEFENCE WINS

One Airship Is Shot Down in Flames While Others Are Forced to Land After Being Disabled; Four Are Members of Great German Air Fleet Seeking to Terrify France; Forced to Flee for Border.

ON THE FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, Oct. 20.—Four German zeppelins were destroyed or forced to land in various districts of France in the course of a raid undertaken by these hostile aircraft during the night.

The raiders were making a wide raid over France, apparently for the purpose of terrifying the population. Immediately they were made the targets for tremendous anti-aircraft fire from land batteries and were also assailed by squadrons of airmen who subjected them to heavy attacks, one after another. As they fled for home and safety, they were shot down, one after another, near the Atlantic border.

Zeppelins Pure Bally in France. This marks one of the most serious

U. S. AVIATORS BOMB GERMANS WITH LIBERTY BOND POSTERS

Liberty Bond Campaign Is Coming Along Well Except in Texas and East to Atlantic Seaboard and Also in Parts of Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, Where State Apathy, Especially Among Farmers, Exists.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 20.—American aviators in France, the treasury department announced today, were flying over the German lines today dropping tens of thousands of Liberty bond posters. Large supplies of the posters were sent some time ago to Gen. J. J. Pershing and arrangements were made to have American aviators on the western front shower the German lines with them, simultaneously with the aerial campaign of dropping paper bombs from coast to coast in this country today.

The posters selected for use at the front depict Uncle Sam with an arm of millions and an air fleet of tremendous proportions. Another poster selected for this work was the one depicting the Liberty Loan drive.

Total Near \$2,000,000. The Liberty loan campaign closed its third week with a record of bringing the total in subscriptions up to \$2,000,000 at the end of business today.

Some Apathy in Texas. At the same time it was announced that over a section of country extending from the midwest southward into Texas and eastward to the Atlantic seaboard, general apathy pre-

PERSHING ASKED TO NAME MEN WHO PERISHED WITH TRANSPORT

Seventy Lives Lost as the Transport Antilles Is Sunk by German Submarine While Returning Home From Europe; Most of the Dead Were Sailors, Including Three Engine Room Officers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 20.—The German U-boat has claimed its first victim from America's war forces.

Within 24 hours after an American destroyer had been disabled in an onerous attack, a torpedo crashed into the engine room hullhead of the home coming transport Antilles and sent her to the bottom with the loss of 70 lives.

Sixteen soldiers and seventy enlisted men of the navy were included in the submarine's heavy toll.

Administration officials are awaiting with profound interest application of the meager details exhibited by the navy department yesterday by vice admiral Gomer. Names of the great majority of the victims are

being sought by the navy department.

Interest is intense in the names of the victims.

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 2.)

Herald Advertising The Trick On Real Estate

Editor El Paso Herald: We inserted the following ad to run two times, but the first insertion brought a buyer, which shows it takes good ad Herald ads to turn the trick. This happens to be only one of the many deals made through your ad columns lately by this firm. Long live The Herald!

T. E. Head & Co., By T. E. Head.

27 ARE KILLED IN ENGLAND BY ZEPPELINS

53 Injured When Seven Or More Airships Raid; One Hits London.

COAST TOWNS SUFFER MOST Some Material Damage To Houses and Business Premises Reported.

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 20.—Twenty-seven persons were killed and 53 injured in last night's zeppelin raid. The following official announcement was made:

"In last night's airship raid the casualties in all districts were: Killed 27; injured 53. There was some material damage to houses and business premises."

London Is Attacked. There were the customary scenes in London. The people hurried to the air-raid shelters, which were soon filled. The zeppelins, however, continued running.

After the warning was sounded a very distant roar of guns was heard for a few minutes. The searchlights were put in action, but no hostile aircraft was seen. Two bombs fell in London from an unseen airship. Few knew about it until today.

Seven or More Airships in Raid. An east coast town, Oct. 20.—Seven or more zeppelins crossed the east coast about 3 o'clock last night, four going in one direction and three in another. At 11:30 o'clock one zeppelin passed out on the homeward journey. The airship dropped six bombs at 11:30 o'clock and three at 12:15.

TAX SUIT AND NEW NORMAL BILLS SIGNED BY GOVERNOR Austin, Tex., Oct. 20.—Governor W. P. Hobby has signed the bill passed at the last special session of the legislature to prohibit the bringing of suits in Texas to collect delinquent taxes for 1917 until after January 31, 1918.

Approval also has been given by the governor to the bill passed at the last special session of the 25th legislature, extending the time in which the state income tax is to be collected.

The bill provides that work on the new House State Normal at Alpine shall commence on February 1, 1918, and the school shall be completed by October 1, 1918. The two new schools shall be constructed in September, 1917 and 1918.

THREE MOTOR BANDITS ROB BANK OF \$20,000 Middleville, Mich., Oct. 20.—Three burglars in an automobile drove into Middleville early today, blew the safe in the Farmers State bank and escaped with \$25,000. Five explosions were heard by villagers, but so far as can be ascertained, no one opposed the burglars.

That Rookie from the 13th Squad.

PRIVATE DUBB ABSENT NO LAINT EITHER—I'M HERE

WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY SMOKING OUT HERE WHEN YOU SHOULD BE IN RANKS

CAUSE IT'S AGAINST REGULATIONS TO SMOKE IN RANKS

OOOH!!

Copyright, 1917, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

10-10

PRAY FOR VICTORY OF AMERICAN ARMS PRESIDENT URGES

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 20.—President Wilson by proclamation today declared Sunday, Oct. 28 as a day of prayer for the success of the American arms in the war. In accordance with the recent resolution of congress.

The president's proclamation is as follows: "Whereas the congress of the United States, by a concurrent resolution adopted on the fourth day of the present month of October, in view of the entrance of our nation into the vast and awful war which now afflicts the greater part of the world, has requested me to set apart by official proclamation, a day upon which our people should be called upon to offer concerted prayer to Almighty God for His divine aid in the success of our arms;

"And, whereas, it behooves a great free people, nurtured as we have been in the eternal principles of justice and of right, a nation which has sought from the earliest days of its existence to be obedient to the di-

vine teachings which have inspired it in the exercise of its liberties, to turn always to the supreme power and cast themselves in faith at His feet, praying for His aid and success in every hour of trial, to the end that the great plans to which our fathers dedicated our power as a people may not perish among men, but be always asserted and defended with fresh ardor and devotion and through the divine blessing, set at last upon enduring foundations for the benefit of all the free peoples of the earth;

"I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States, hereby proclaiming the day of Sunday, October 28, being the last Sunday of the present month, as a day of supplication and prayer for the success of the American arms, earnestly exhorting all our countrymen to observe the appointed day, according to their several faiths in solemn prayer, that God's blessings may rest upon the high task which is laid upon us, to the end that the cause for which we give our lives and treasure may triumph and our efforts be blessed with high achievement."

RUSS BALTIC FLEET DEFENDS FINLAND GULF AGAINST ENEMY

Landing Operations Have Been Effected on Oesel and Dago Islands by Germans With Formidable Fleet But With Limited Number of Troops; Official Accounts of Sea Battle Shows Russians Outclassed in Ships.

PETROGRAD, Russia, Oct. 20.—The Russian Baltic fleet in its entirety cannot face the Germans in the Gulf of Riga without abandoning the responsibility for the defense of the Gulf of Finland, according to count Kanis of the Russian admiralty.

"The Germans," he said, "effecting landing operations on Oesel island with 12 transports, escorted by 12 battleships of all types, five cruisers, an enormous number of auxiliaries and 25 destroyers. It was impossible for our entire Baltic fleet to meet the enemy without abandoning responsibility for the protection of the Gulf of Finland."

German Forces Limited. The count cited the battle of Jutland as a precedent for the impossibility of using submarines to advantage. He added the Germans are using the same troops that took Oesel island to attack Dago island, thus showing that they were carrying out their operations with a minimum force.

Narrative of Sea Battle. The Russian ministry of marine has issued the following statement regarding the naval battle in the Gulf of Riga:

Tuesday night a squadron of 29 ships penetrated the Gulf of Riga and at 9 o'clock the next morning was discovered making its way through the channels south of Moon sound. The squadron included two battleships of Koening type. Our detachments under admiral Bakhrif, who hoisted his flag on the cruiser Bayan, and accompanied by the battleships Orland and Slava, steamed from the eastern part of Moon island to engage the enemy, preceded by torpedo

boats. The battleship Slava, the last of the line, and which had been damaged severely under the water line, finally sank by the head and lumbered in the deep entrance of Moon sound. The remainder of the squadron entered this channel. Part of the enemy squadron began to fire on the Moon and Werder batteries and silenced and destroyed them. Our vessels suffered some damage. After shelling the batteries, the enemy entered the southern part of the Kuivast road.

"During these movements, the cruiser Makroff and some gunboats and destroyers in inner Moon sound protected that channel and the mouth of Kanar bay, between the islands of Dago, Oesel and Moon."

German Ships Sunk. The rest of the statement is a repetition of the official statement in which it was announced that two

ships attacked by submarine. "At 2:30 o'clock the enemy sounded fire on our torpedo boats and our detachment, issuing from the channel, took up formation in a radius between the Werden and Welland lighthouses, near Moon island. While approaching the enemy the cruiser Bayan was attacked successfully by a hostile submarine.

Russians Outraged. "At 12:30 o'clock our detachment engaged the enemy squadron. The fire of the hostile dreadnoughts was directed from a distance often beyond the range of our old type vessels. At noon, in view of the enemy's superiority and the appearance of new enemy warships, admiral Bakhrif ordered the detachment to retire into the interior of Moon sound. Our ships then turned northward and withdrew from the fighting."

Land Batteries Destroyed. "The battleship Slava, the last of the line, and which had been damaged severely under the water line, finally sank by the head and lumbered in the deep entrance of Moon sound. The remainder of the squadron entered this channel. Part of the enemy squadron began to fire on the Moon and Werder batteries and silenced and destroyed them. Our vessels suffered some damage. After shelling the batteries, the enemy entered the southern part of the Kuivast road."

"During these movements, the cruiser Makroff and some gunboats and destroyers in inner Moon sound protected that channel and the mouth of Kanar bay, between the islands of Dago, Oesel and Moon."

German Ships Sunk. The rest of the statement is a repetition of the official statement in which it was announced that two

ships attacked by submarine. "At 2:30 o'clock the enemy sounded fire on our torpedo boats and our detachment, issuing from the channel, took up formation in a radius between the Werden and Welland lighthouses, near Moon island. While approaching the enemy the cruiser Bayan was attacked successfully by a hostile submarine.

Russians Outraged. "At 12:30 o'clock our detachment engaged the enemy squadron. The fire of the hostile dreadnoughts was directed from a distance often beyond the range of our old type vessels. At noon, in view of the enemy's superiority and the appearance of new enemy warships, admiral Bakhrif ordered the detachment to retire into the interior of Moon sound. Our ships then turned northward and withdrew from the fighting."

Land Batteries Destroyed. "The battleship Slava, the last of the line, and which had been damaged severely under the water line, finally sank by the head and lumbered in the deep entrance of Moon sound. The remainder of the squadron entered this channel. Part of the enemy squadron began to fire on the Moon and Werder batteries and silenced and destroyed them. Our vessels suffered some damage. After shelling the batteries, the enemy entered the southern part of the Kuivast road."

JAPAN SEEKS 2 OF CHINA'S ARSENALS

Would Furnish Military Advisers Also As Part of Big Munition Loan.

CHINESE PRESS MUCH AGITATED Believe It Means Revival of "Group Five" of Japan's Famous Demands.

PEKING, China, Oct. 20.—The Chinese press is agitated greatly over the proposed so-called Armaments loan which a combination of Japanese munition manufacturers is endeavoring to make to China for the equipment of the Chinese army.

The Japanese, it is understood, desire the control of the two arsenals and also seek to have Japanese military advisers employed by China.

They contend that such action would be necessary to prevent the use of the arms by the governments of the north China provinces for political purposes against the southern provinces. They also want China to agree to supply Japan with iron, claiming that the American embargo on steel makes this necessary.

The Chinese newspaper denounce the proposed agreement as a revival of "group five" of the much discussed 21 demands made by Japan some months ago. The amount of the proposed loan is uncertain, but probably would total 25,000,000 yen.

Tao Yu-Lin, minister of communications, is the object of much criticism by certain newspapers. They charge the effort to negotiate the loan is an attempt to give Japan control of China's army.

Travellers had been sunk by the Russian fire and that two enemy torpedo boats had been sunk by striking mines in the Baltic sea on Thursday. It adds, however, that a German torpedo boat securing the main squadron northward and withdrawing from the fighting.

Disabled and Invalided Prisoners to Be Exchanged. Copenhagen, Denmark, Oct. 20.—A conference for the exchange of prisoners of war which is in session here illustrates the curious relations that exist between the German and Austrian representatives. The Austrians are conducting a separate set of negotiations for the exchange of prisoners, explaining that Russian stiff-necked and obstinate are not ready to work on the joint negotiations by the teutonic allied representatives.

The Austrians have proposed for a sweeping exchange of Austrian and Russian prisoners, suggesting the mutual release of all prisoners taken during the first year of the war. The Russians, however, rejected this proposal, declaring that it was too much to the advantage of Austria-Hungary, the armies where the country lost prisoners in the first year of the war.

The conference probably will lead to extensive exchanges of prisoners and invalid soldier prisoners and also of civilian captives.

BOLO PLANNED GERMAN PROTECTORATE FOR MEXICO. Paris, France, Oct. 20.—Haron Cuenca, formerly private secretary to the late President Carranza, has been deported to Capt. Bouchard, the military investigator, revealed, says the Petit Parisien, that Bolo planned one of the most important parts in the Mexican revolution.

Bolo, Pasha, according to the Baron, was assisted by various other persons, notably Hugo Scherer and Moses Mendelssohn, and had the support of the German government. The object of these machinations, the witness added, was to enable Germany to establish a protectorate over Mexico.

GERMANY HAS EXTORTED BILLIONS FROM BELGIUM. Washington, D. C., Oct. 20.—Germany has far less than \$1,000,000,000 in cash from stricken Belgium, quite exclusive of what she gained by occupation of the country and systematic exploitation of its resources and people.

Information today through official channels makes it probable and adds that the German deportations of "Belgians to work in Germany go on without intermission and that the looting of Belgian industry continues, trade secrets and machinery also being taken.

FRENCH WELCOME U. S. IN ALLIED CONFERENCE. Paris, France, Oct. 20.—American participation in the allied conference is welcomed by the Temps, which says:

"It is highly gratifying to know that the United States will be represented at this conference. The task of the allies is too great for them to discuss it without the United States. President Wilson is so much respected that we have need of listening to him who possess his confidence."

FRANCE IS FIGHTING FOR ALGERIA-LOBBIAINE. Paris, France, Friday, Oct. 19.—(Delayed)—In the discussion preceding the vote on the government by a great majority in the chamber of deputies several members criticized the policy of the ministry as being "incoherent and lacking energy."

"I have already said when expounding our war aims," premier Bismarck replied, "that it is the restitution of Alsace-Lorraine that we are fighting for. There must be restitution, whatever may be the fate of the rest of the world. We should push the war to the bitter end."

INSRIPTION TO GUYENNE. TO BE PLACED IN PANTHEON. Paris, France, Oct. 20.—The chamber of deputies today unanimously adopted the memory of Capt. George Guyenver, the famous French aviator, by placing an inscription in the Pantheon.

Not an Officer or Man of the Two Naval Crews Survive for Germans Make No Effort to Rescue Party; Thirty of Merchant Crews Saved by British Patrol Craft; Raiders Make Attack in North Sea Wednesday.

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 20.—German sea raiders have scored an audacious coup by attacking a converted merchant fleet in the North Sea and sinking two British destroyers and nine merchant ships. It was officially announced this evening by the British admiralty.

The attack was made by two enemy raiders Wednesday. The destroyers sunk were the Mary Rose and the Strong Bow. The official announcement says that five Norwegian, one Danish and three Swedish vessels were sunk, all without warning and that but three of the merchant ships escaped.

No Attempt at Rescue. Thirty Norwegians were rescued by patrol craft. The raiders, which were heavily armed, showed anxiety to escape before they could be intercepted by British forces, adds the official statement, and made no attempt to rescue the crews of the sunken destroyers.

All Naval Crews Lost. All the officers and men of the Mary Rose and the Strong Bow were lost. The statement declares that a German raider to the effect that the attack occurred in the territorial waters of the Shetland islands. The statement as to the locality of the attack is untrue, as is also the statement regarding the destruction of the escort vessels.

The enemy raiders succeeded in sinking the British watching squadron on long dark nights both on their homeward dash and their homeward flight.

It is recalled that all the 38 officers and men of H. M. S. Mary Rose and of officers and men of H. M. S. Strong Bow were lost.

MERCHANT FLEET DESTROYED; ONLY THREE GET AWAY

BRITISH DESTROYER CREWS FIGHT AGAINST ODDS UNTIL THEY DIE

Not an Officer or Man of the Two Naval Crews Survive for Germans Make No Effort to Rescue Party; Thirty of Merchant Crews Saved by British Patrol Craft; Raiders Make Attack in North Sea Wednesday.

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 20.—German sea raiders have scored an audacious coup by attacking a converted merchant fleet in the North Sea and sinking two British destroyers and nine merchant ships. It was officially announced this evening by the British admiralty.

The attack was made by two enemy raiders Wednesday. The destroyers sunk were the Mary Rose and the Strong Bow. The official announcement says that five Norwegian, one Danish and three Swedish vessels were sunk, all without warning and that but three of the merchant ships escaped.

No Attempt at Rescue. Thirty Norwegians were rescued by patrol craft. The raiders, which were heavily armed, showed anxiety to escape before they could be intercepted by British forces, adds the official statement, and made no attempt to rescue the crews of the sunken destroyers.

All Naval Crews Lost. All the officers and men of the Mary Rose and the Strong Bow were lost. The statement declares that a German raider to the effect that the attack occurred in the territorial waters of the Shetland islands. The statement as to the locality of the attack is untrue, as is also the statement regarding the destruction of the escort vessels.

The enemy raiders succeeded in sinking the British watching squadron on long dark nights both on their homeward dash and their homeward flight.

It is recalled that all the 38 officers and men of H. M. S. Mary Rose and of officers and men of H. M. S. Strong Bow were lost.

American Fliers Destroy 60 German Air Fighters In Battles Among Clouds

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 20.—American fliers of the British Royal Flying Corps have shot down about 60 German airplanes. Up to the present it has been forbidden to mention by name any of the American fliers in the British service, but it is expected that this rule will be relaxed shortly and that accounts of the work of several Americans will be issued for publication.

Airmen figure prominently in a long list of war honors announced this week.

Lieut. A. P. Ryan-Davies received the military cross for destroying four enemy aircraft and driving down many others out of control. "On one occasion," it is added, "he shot down a German plane who has accounted for 23 allied machines."

Capt. W. C. Campbell gets the distinguished service order for courage and skill in attacking enemy aircraft at close range. He had destroyed 12 hostile airplanes and two balloons and had taken part in many other combats during the last three months.

Another recipient of the distinguished service order is Lieut. A. S. Shepard. "Within a month he destroyed five enemy machines, though surrounded by enemy machines he fought for nearly an hour against two hosts which were finally bringing down one of the enemy."

Lieut. K. L. Caldwell, who gets the military cross, shot down four enemy mounts. Military crosses also were awarded Lieut. H. M. S. Mary Rose and Lieut. H. M. S. Strong Bow.

The foremost airman in the British army today is a Canadian, but his closest rival is an American from Chicago, who has thus far accounted for 22 German machines.

FRENCH GENERAL KILLED IN FRONT LINE TRENCHES. Paris, France, Oct. 20.—Gen. A. Barlatier has been killed in a first line trench. He was a captain of the French command under Gen. Marchand, whose occupation of Fashoda, in Sudan, in 1898, brought about the 1898-1899. Kitchener, which resulted in a result in war between France and Great Britain.

WALL STREET FIRMS QUIT PAYING DIRECTORS IN GOLD. New York, Oct. 20.—An ancient wall street custom of paying the directors of corporations in \$10 and \$20 gold pieces for their attendance at directors' meetings, has been abandoned owing to the general plan on the part of the government to conserve the gold supply for the Liberty loan. Paper money is used instead.

A Slice a Day. Our Allies need Wheat. We Americans have wheat—lots of it. We can share with our Allies and have sufficient for ourselves if we choose. If each of us here in the United States chooses to save a single thin slice of bread a day, our Government can send an additional 4000 ton ship, loaded with wheat, to our Allies EACH DAY.

4000 tons is a lot of wheat. It will provide enough flour for more than 9 million people for a day; people who must have it; who are fighting for us across the sea. Remember too, that SAVE does NOT mean GO WITHOUT. Eat a piece of corn pone or rye bread in place of that SLICE A DAY.

JOIN THE FOOD CONSERVATION ARMY

10-10

10-10

10-10